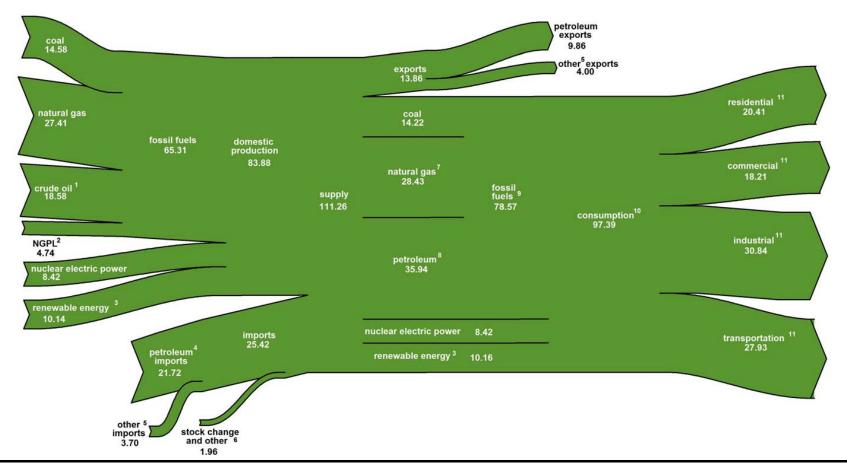
U.S. energy flow, 2016

quadrillion Btu



¹ Includes lease condensate.

Notes: • Data are preliminary. • Values are derived from source data prior to rounding for publication. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Sources: EIA, *Monthly Energy Review* (April 2017), Tables 1.1, 1.2, 1.3, 1.4a, 1.4b, and 2.1.

² Natural gas plant liquids.

³ Conventional hydroelectric power, biomass, geothermal, solar, and wind.

⁴ Crude oil and petroleum products. Includes imports into the Strategic Petroleum Reserve.

⁵ Natural gas, coal, coal coke, biofuels, and electricity.

⁶ Adjustments, losses, and unaccounted for.

⁷ Natural gas only; excludes supplemental gaseous fuels.

⁸ Petroleum products, including natural gas plant liquids, and crude oil burned as fuel.

⁹ Includes -0.02 quadrillion Btu of coal coke net imports.

¹⁰ Includes 0.24 quadrillion Btu of electricity net imports.

¹¹ Total energy consumption, which is the sum of primary energy consumption, electricity retail sales, and electrical system energy losses. Losses are allocated to the end-use sectors in proportion to each sector's share of total electricity retail sales. See Note 1, "Electrical System Energy Losses," at the end of U.S. Energy Information Administration (EIA), *Monthly Energy Review* (April 2017), Section 2.